

# SAFETY DATA SHEET NUCHAR® SA

# Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: NUCHAR® SA
Other means of identification	: NUCHAR® SA; NUCHAR® SA-20; NUCHAR® SA-PCL; NUCHAR® SA-T; NUCHAR® SA- 1500; NUCHAR® SA-HIACT
Code	: NUCHAR_SA RESPONSIBLE CARE®
Material uses	: Liquid purification
Supplier's details	: WestRock MWV, LLC Ingevity Division 5255 Virginia Avenue North Charleston South Carolina USA 29406-3615
	www.ingevity.com email: sds@ingevity.com
	Tel: +1 843 740 2236, +1 800 458 4034 (0800 - 1700 EST)
In case of emergency	: +1 800 424 9300 (USA) CHEMTREC
Section 2. Hazar	ds identification
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
GHS label elements	

GHS label elements	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	May form combustible dust concentrations in air.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	Not applicable.
Response	Not applicable.
Storage	Not applicable.
Disposal	Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation.
Hazards not otherwise classified	Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air. Handling and/or processing of this material may generate a dust which can cause mechanical irritation of the eyes, skin, nose and throat.



## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Substance

**Chemical name** 

: Activated carbon

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Activated carbon	100	7440-44-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary firs	aid measures
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/ef	fects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effec	<u>s</u>
- · ·	

Potential acute nearth	enects
Eye contact	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/s	<u>symptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness



# Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediat	te medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Remark	: Non-flammable.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	



## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for c	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact

information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	g	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### <u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>



# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Ехро	sure limits
Activated carbon	TWA not ot OSHA TWA not ot	H TLV (United States). A: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Particulates herwise defined. A PEL (United States). A: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Particulates herwise defined. A: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user ope or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust to keep worker exposure to airborne contamina limits. The engineering controls also need to k below any lower explosive limits. Use explosio	ventilation or other engineering controls ants below any recommended or statutor eep gas, vapor or dust concentrations
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
ndividual protection meas	<u>25</u>	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly aft eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at t Appropriate techniques should be used to reme Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. E showers are close to the workstation location.	he end of the working period. ove potentially contaminated clothing.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved st assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the follow the assessment indicates a higher degree of p shields. If operating conditions cause high dus dust goggles. Recommended: safety glasses Possible: splash goggles, face shield	d exposure to liquid splashes, mists, wing protection should be worn, unless rotection: safety glasses with side- st concentrations to be produced, use
Skin protection		
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complyi worn at all times when handling chemical produ- necessary. Considering the parameters specif during use that the gloves are still retaining the noted that the time to breakthrough for any glo glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, protection time of the gloves cannot be accurate time): disposable vinyl	ucts if a risk assessment indicates this is fied by the glove manufacturer, check ir protective properties. It should be ve material may be different for different consisting of several substances, the tely estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body she performed and the risks involved and should be handling this product. Recommended: dispose	e approved by a specialist before
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin p based on the task being performed and the risk specialist before handling this product.	



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: If dust is generated and ventilation is inadequate, use respirator that will protect against dust/mist.
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## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Solid. [Powder.]
Color	: Black. [Dark]
Odor	: Odorless.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: 2 to 8 [Conc. (% w/w): 10%]
Melting point	: Sublimation temperature: >3500°C (>6332°F)
Boiling point	: >4000°C (>7232°F)
Flash point	: Not available.
Burning time	: Not available.
Burning rate	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Non-flammable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 0.32 to 0.37 [Water = 1]
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 420 to 470°C (788 to 878°F)
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
SADT	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.



# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Conditions to avoid	: Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
Incompatible materials	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Activated carbon	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat	8500 mg/m³ >5000 mg/kg >2000 mg/kg	1 hours - -

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Activated carbon	Skin - Edema	Rabbit	0	-	-
	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	0	-	-
	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	0	-	-
	Eyes - Edema of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	0	-	-
	Eyes - Iris lesion	Rabbit	0	-	-

#### Conclusion/Summary

:	Non-irritating to the skin.
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Eyes : Non-irritating to the eyes.

#### **Sensitization**

Skin

	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Activated carbon	skin	Mouse	Not sensitizing

#### **Mutagenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Activated carbon	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
		Subject: Bacteria	
	OECD 476 <i>In vitro</i> Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
		Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
	OECD 473 <i>In vitro</i> Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
		Subject: Mammalian-Human	





## Section 11. Toxicological information

Section 11. Loxico	plogical information
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	
Not available.	
Reproductive toxicity	
Not available.	
Teratogenicity	
Not available.	
Specific target organ toxici	<u>ty (single exposure)</u>
Not available.	
Specific target organ toxici	ty (repeated exposure)
Not available.	
Aspiration hazard	
Not available.	
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.
Potential acute health effects	S
Eye contact	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits
hade a lot for a	may cause irritation of the eyes.
Inhalation	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Cumutana valatad ta tha ubu	
	ysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation
	redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation
	coughing
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate offer	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	tis and also chrome enects from short and long term exposure
Potential immediate	: Not available.
effects	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects



## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Not available.

General	: Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Not available.

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains
	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.



## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	<b>Remarks</b> NUCHAR® Activated Carbon is not considered spontaneously combustible under the "Self- Heating Test for Carbon" protocol listed in the United Nations Manual of Tests and Criteria [33.3.1]. As such, Class 4.2 provisions for U.S. DOT, IATA, ICAO, ADR and IMDG shipments do not apply.	-	-

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not available.to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: This material is listed or exempted. United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted.
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed



## Section 15. Regulatory information

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

### SARA 302/304

#### Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

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**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

#### SARA 311/312

#### **Classification** : Fire hazard

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	hazard	Sudden release of pressure		(acute) health	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Activated carbon	100	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	No.

#### State regulations

Massachusetts	: This material is not listed.
New York	: This material is not listed.
New Jersey	: This material is not listed.
Pennsylvania	: This material is not listed.

#### California Prop. 65

The required chemical analyses and risk assessments were performed on this product. Results indicate that there are no significant risks (or observable effects), as defined by this statute, associated with this product under conditions of normal use.

#### International regulations

**Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals** 

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)** 

Not listed.

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### International lists

National inventory
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Australia	: This material is listed or exempted.
Canada	: This material is listed or exempted.
China	: This material is listed or exempted.
Japan	: This material is listed or exempted.

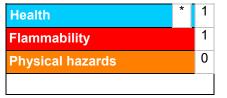


## Section 15. Regulatory information

New Zealand	: This material is listed or exempted.
Philippines	: This material is listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: This material is listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: This material is listed or exempted.
United States	: This material is listed or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 2015-08-31.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2015-08-31
Date of previous issue	: 2015-08-25.
Version	: 5.01
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient</li> </ul>



### Section 16. Other information

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

#### References

: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.